

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/367,433 01/13/2000		01/13/2000	ALEXANDROS ELEFTHERIADIS	A30919-PCT-U	4342	
21003	7590	05/20/2005		EXAMINER		
BAKER &		I.A7A	DESIR, JEA	DESIR, JEAN WICEL		
NEW YORK, NY 10112				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•				2614		

DATE MAILED: 05/20/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Applicat	tion No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary			433	ELEFTHERIADIS ET AL.					
			er -	Art Unit					
		Jean W.		2614					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communica or Reply	tion appears on tl	ne cover sheet with the	correspondence ad	ldress				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status					•				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>28 April 2005,</u>	RCE.						
			_						
3)□									
D		under Ex parte Q	dayle, 1905 C.D. 11, 4	55 O.G. 215.					
	on of Claims								
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from c			·				
Applicati	on Papers								
9)□ .	The specification is objected to by the E	xaminer.							
	D)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)[]	The oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner. N	lote the attached Office	Action or form PT	O-152.				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 									
Attachment	(e)								
_	of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) 🔲 Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-		Paper No(s)/Mail D	ate					
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO No(s)/Mail Date	D/SB/08)	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	Patent Application (PTC) - 152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-10 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Escobar et al (US 5,826,102) in view of Puri et al (US 6,134,269).

Claim 1:

The claimed limitation "receiving, over time, a plurality of audio-visual/video objects and composition information for the objects" is disclosed, see col. 4 lines 33-36, col. 6 lines 37-40;

the claimed limitation "storing in a cache memory at least one of the objects" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 21-22, col. 4 lines 29-39;

the claimed limitation "composing scenes from said objects including the one of the objects stored in the cache memory" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 41-45, col. 4 lines 16-18, col. 21 lines 27-31;

the claimed limitation "and displaying the composed scenes" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 46-48;

the claimed limitation "wherein the received audiovisual/video objects and composition information for the objects comprises encoded data-objects having a high

Application/Control Number: 09/367,433

Art Unit: 2614

level structure of visual content and step (a) further comprises receiving such encoded data-objects in a data bit stream" is also suggested by Escobar, because Escobar teaches MPEG encoder/decoder and also data bit stream, see Fig. 8 items 827, 829, 831. The only difference between the claimed invention and Escobar's disclosure is that Escobar does not explicitly say "encoded data-objects having a high level structure of visual content". However, the structure of the claimed limitation is notoriously well known in the art, as evidence see Puri at col. 3 lines 12-19, col. 4 lines 38-39, where encoded data-objects, bitstream objects, having a high level structure of visual content (representing familiar physical objects), are independently encoded. An artisan would be motivated to combine the references to arrive at the claimed invention, because this combination would provide encoded data-objects, bitstream objects, having a high level structure of visual content, that are independently encoded using coded technique that gives best quality for each object; and this combination would result also in modularity, reusability, and ease of manipulation and interaction with individual image components. Therefore, the claimed invention would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Claim 2 is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 35-46, col. 12 lines 6-7.

Claim 3 is disclosed, see col. 4 line 33.

Claim 4 is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 21-22.

Claim 5 is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 21-22, col. 4 line 33, col. 6 lines 41-45.

Claim 6 is disclosed, see col. 4 lines 34-36.

Claim 7 is disclosed, see col. 4 lines 29-39.

Application/Control Number: 09/367,433 Page 4

Art Unit: 2614

Claim 8:

The claimed limitation "a controller circuit for controlling acquisition over time of a plurality of audio-visual/video objects and composition information for the objects" is disclosed, see col. 4 lines 33-36, col. 6 lines 37-40;

the claimed limitation "a cache memory for storing at least one of the objects" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 21-22, col. 4 lines 29-39;

the claimed limitation "a composer circuit, coupled to the cache memory, for composing scenes from said video objects including the one of the objects stored in the cache memory" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 41-45, col. 4 lines 16-18, col. 21 lines 27-31;

the claimed limitation "and a display for the composed scene" is disclosed, see col. 6 lines 46-48;

the claimed limitation "wherein the acquisition over time comprises receiving encoded data-objects having a high level structure of visual content and further comprises receiving such encoded data-objects in a data bit stream" is also suggested by Escobar, because Escobar teaches MPEG encoder/decoder and also data bit stream, see Fig. 8 items 827, 829, 831. The only difference between the claimed invention and Escobar's disclosure is that Escobar does not explicitly say "encoded data-objects having a **high level structure of visual content**". However, the structure of the claimed limitation is notoriously well known in the art, as evidence see Puri at col. 3 lines 12-19, col. 4 lines 38-39, where encoded data-objects, bitstream objects, having a high level structure of visual content (representing familiar physical objects), are

arrive at the claimed invention, because this combination would provide encoded data-

independently encoded. An artisan would be motivated to combine the references to

objects, bitstream objects, having a high level structure of visual content, that are

independently encoded using coded technique that gives best quality for each object;

and this combination would result also in modularity, reusability, and ease of

manipulation and interaction with individual image components. Therefore, the claimed

invention would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the

invention was made.

Claims 9, 10 are rejected for the same reasons as claim 8.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground of rejection necessitated by the amendment.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean W. Désir whose telephone number is (571) 272 7344. The examiner can normally be reached on 5/4/9 - First Friday Off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John W. Miller can be reached on (571) 272 7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 09/367,433

Art Unit: 2614

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JWD May. 12, 05

JOHN MILLER

Page 6

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600